

Past Exam Questions  
Section 9.1

1. If  $(a, b)$  is the solution of the system

$$\begin{cases} 3x - 4y = 6 \\ 2x + 3y = 5 \end{cases}$$

then  $a + b$  is equal to

- a.  $\frac{41}{17}$
- b.  $-\frac{35}{17}$
- c.  $\frac{35}{17}$
- d.  $\frac{38}{17}$
- e.  $-\frac{38}{17}$

2. The system  $\begin{cases} -2x + 6y = 8 \\ -x + 3y = 4 \end{cases}$  is

- a. dependent
- b. inconsistent
- c. independent
- d. consistent with only two solutions.
- e. Consistent with only three solutions.

3. If the system of linear equations  $\begin{cases} x + Ky = 5 \\ 3x + 5y = 0 \end{cases}$  is **inconsistent**, then  $K =$

- a.  $\frac{5}{3}$
- b.  $\frac{-3}{5}$
- c.  $\frac{1}{5}$
- d.  $\frac{4}{5}$
- e.  $\frac{-1}{5}$

4. If the system of linear equations  $\begin{cases} 2x + 5y + A = 0 \\ 3x - By = 2 \end{cases}$  has an infinite number of solutions, then  $A + B$  is equal to

- a.  $-\frac{53}{6}$
- b.  $-\frac{17}{4}$
- c.  $-\frac{19}{3}$
- d.  $-12$
- e.  $-25$

5. Given that the lines with equations  $3x - 2y = 12$  ,  $2x - 3y = 13$  and  $5x + ky = 19$  intersect at the same point, then the number  $k$  satisfies

- a.  $k = -3$
- b.  $k \neq -\frac{15}{2}$
- c.  $k = 2$
- d.  $k = -\frac{15}{2}$
- e.  $k \neq -\frac{15}{2}$  and  $k \neq -2$

6. If  $(x, y)$  is the solution of the system of equations  $\begin{cases} 2x - 5\pi y = 3 \\ 3x + 4\pi y = 2 \end{cases}$ , then  $x + \pi y =$

- a.  $\frac{17}{23}$
- b.  $\frac{15}{23}$
- c.  $1$
- d.  $\frac{13}{23}$
- e.  $\frac{19}{23}$